Japanese Traditional Patterns as an Inspiration for Building-Integrated Photovoltaics (BIPV)

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Building → **Integrated** → **Architecture**

Sustainability → Design → Innovation

Patterns → **Performance** → **Communication**

Low-resolution → **Pixels** → **Solar cells**

Light → **Shadow** → **Nuances** of depth

Tradition → **Locality** → **Culture**

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Energy

Sustainability

A sustainable energy supply

"implies a local scale for energy sourcing".

(Acres, 2007, p.102)

→ Locality

Energy

"Energy is all.
We are still largely unconscious of it,
but our entire lives (both urban and rural)
are driven by our access to energy
(how we use it, why we use it,
what sort of energy we use)."

(Webb, 2005, p.75)

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(Webb, 2005, p75)

"The essence of culture is in locality. There's any such thing as a global culture."

(Sen, Caltroni & Hara, 2009, p.94)

→ Locality → Culture

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Sustainability

"[...] the meaning of sustainability depends on the context, in which it is applied."

(Kajikawa et al., 2007, p.222)

"Four Layers of Architecture"

(Namba, 2006)

Architecture

Sustainability

Layer	Mode (Standpoint)	Program (Design requirements)	Technology (Means of solutions)	Theme of sustainability design (Program of contemporary architecture)
1st layer	physical thing	material parts structure construction	production assembly	reuse and recycling long-lasting lightweight
2nd layer	energy-controlling device	environmental energy	electric machinery climate control	energy conservation high performance
3rd layer	social function	purpose building type	planning organization	family community lifestyle urbanity
4th layer	symbol meaning	form space	representation criticism	virtual reality ephemeralization

9

"However, properly speaking, sustainable design should involve all four layers." (Namba, 2006)

Architecture

Sustainability

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traditional Oriental mashrabiya

Architecture

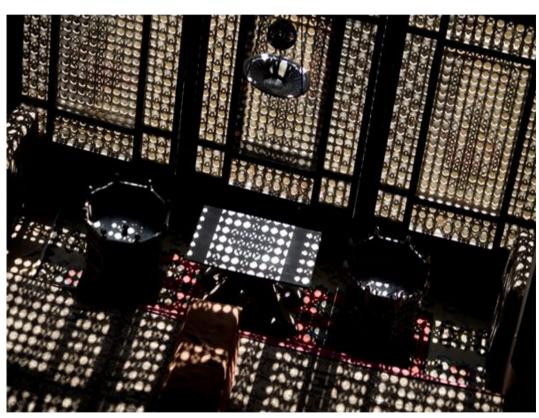


Fig. 1 © Cora Edmonds

Arab World Institute, Paris, France architect: Ateliers Jean Novel, 1987

Architecture

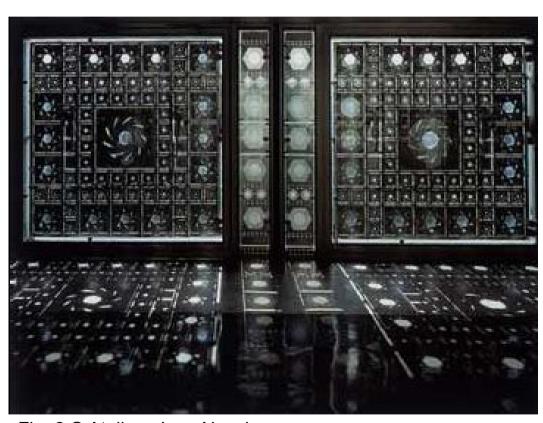


Fig. 2 © Ateliers Jean Novel

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Menara airport, Marrakech, Morocco architect: E2A architecture, 2008

Architecture





Fig. 3 © Brigit Varenkamp

traditional Oriental mashrabiya

local craftsmen

Arab World Institute, Paris, France

arch: Ateliers Jean Novel, 1987

Menara airport. Marrakech, Morocco

arch: E2A architecture, 2008

Architecture



Fig.1 © Cora Edmonds



Fig.2 © Jean Novel



Fig.3 © Brigit Varenkamp

1st layer	Wooden latticework
2nd layer	Daylight transmission, shading, cooling, air conditioning
3rd layer	Privacy and views in residential houses
4th layer	Geometrically crafted patterns in accordance with Islamic laws

Mechanical devices glass panes Daylight transmission, shading, transparency Representative street façade of the Arab World Institute High-tech image, modern interpretation of the traditional mashrabiya

Photovoltaic glass laminate Daylight transmission, shading, energy generation Skylight at an international airport Green energy, modern

interpretation of the traditional mashrabiya

"At its highest level of significance, architecture is the fusion of culture and the need for enclosure made material in physical form; it is the meeting point of the need to build and the innate urge to communicate."

Architecture

→ Communication

(Wigginton, 1996, p.10)

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(Wigginton, 1996, p.10)

Building →

"In the thousands of years since he learnt to build, 1 man has had to try to meet two particular, and often conflicting needs: on the one hand, the need to create enclosure for shelter, protection and privacy;

Light

on the other, the need to transmit light to provide illumination and view." 17

Building →

"And so it has come to be that the beauty of a Japanese room depends on a variation of shadows, heavy shadows against light shadows - it has nothing else."

(Jun'ichiro Tanizaki, 1933, p.18)

Shadow

Building

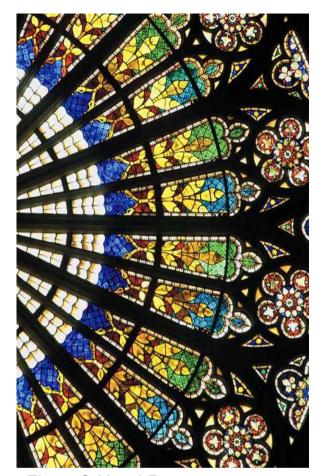


Fig. 4 © Henri Parent

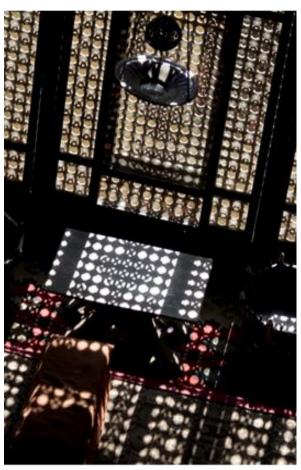


Fig. 1 © Cora Edmonds

$\textbf{Light} \rightarrow \textbf{Shadow}$

Building

"The theme of light [...], the blurring of contours, the superimpositions, in reverberations and reflections and shadows."

(Jean Novel, about the Arab World Institute)

Light → **Shadow**

Building

"The theme of light [...], the blurring of contours, the superimpositions, in reverberations and reflections and shadows."

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Architecture

Patterns → **Performance** → **Communication**

"Patterns provide architects with a device to connect apparently incongruent categories and synthesize a multitude of performances, project requirements and informational types in a perception-based medium."

(Anderson and Salomon, 2010, p.14)

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"[L]ow-res tactics in order to achieve appropriate, affordable, as well as poetic and more subliminal, effects, harnessing emotion rather than technology. At the same time, these tactics are programmed to be adjustable."

(Bullivant, 2005a, p.6)

Low-resolution

Torre Agbar, Barcelona, Spain architects: Ateliers Jean Novel, 2005



→ Architecture

"The surface of the building evokes water: smooth and continuous, shimmering and transparent, its materials reveal themselves in nuanced shades of color and light."

(Jean Novel)

Fig. 5 © Agbar Tower Corporate Marketing Department

GreenPix - Zero Energy Media Wall, Beijing, China

Architects: Simone Giostra & Partners, 2008



→ Architecture

"seascapes as an example of an ever-changing visual experience"

(Eakin, 2007, p.48)

Fig. 6 © Simone Giostra & Partners

Santa Caterina Market renovation, Barcelona, Spain architects: Miralles - Tagliabue | EMBT, 1997



→ Architecture

"reflect the polychrome art nouveau façades of the merchants' mansions and the public buildings those merchants sponsored"

(Riley, 2006, p.25)

Fig. 7 © Miralles - Tagliabue | EMBT

Technorama, The Swiss Science Center, Winterthur, Switzerland architects: Ned Kahn, Durig and Rami, 2002

→ Architecture



Fig. 8 © Ned Kahn

"reveal the complex patterns of turbulence in the wind"

(Kahn, undated)

Museum of Kanayama Castle Ruin, Kanayama Community Center, Ota city, Gunma, Japan architects: Kengo Kuma & Associates, 2009

→ **Architecture**

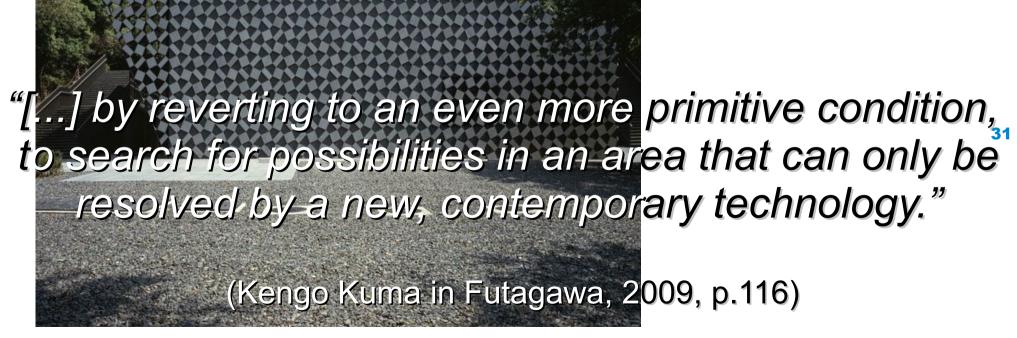


Fig. 9 © Takashi Yamagishi

Hotel Industrial, Paris, France

architects: Emmanuel Saadi, Jean-Louis Rey, François da Silva, 2008

→ Architecture



Solar cells

Fig. 10 © Nicolas Borel

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This paper reports the results
of an investigation into applying
the inventory of local cultural heritage,
here Japanese traditional family crests,
as an inspiration for technological innovation,
here alternative patterns
for solar photovoltaic (PV) panels.

Aim

To improve the versatility of light-transmissive PV panels used for architectural integration into building skins (BIPV).

two major groups of PV technologies

crystalline silicon

thin-film



Fig. 11 © Emmanuel Saadi

Fig. 12 © HBS Wolfhagen

Study Background

With the kind of PV panels called 'light-through', translucency is achieved by spacing the opaque crystalline solar cells, so that light can penetrate through the resulting gaps.

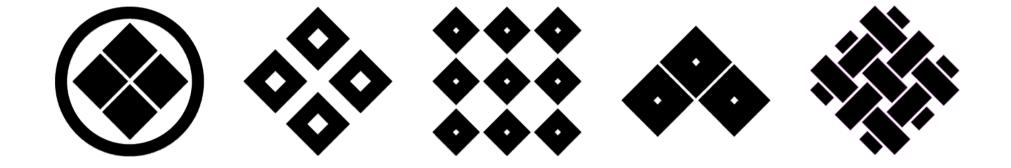
The usual design alternatives offered by the PV industry are mostly restricted to an equal spacing of the cells throughout the grid pattern.

Methodology

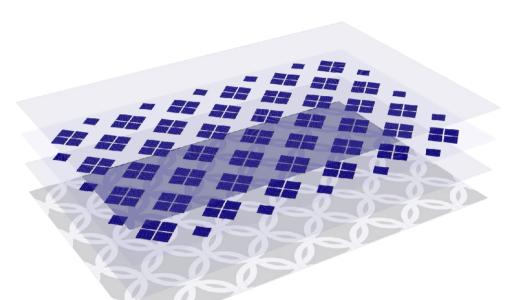
Cultural individuality, essential for local and global sustainability, provided the basis for inspiration.

The inherent geometric qualities
of traditional Japanese family crests
are analysed and applied
to generate alternative
light-transmitting PV patterns.

Kamon – Japanese family crests

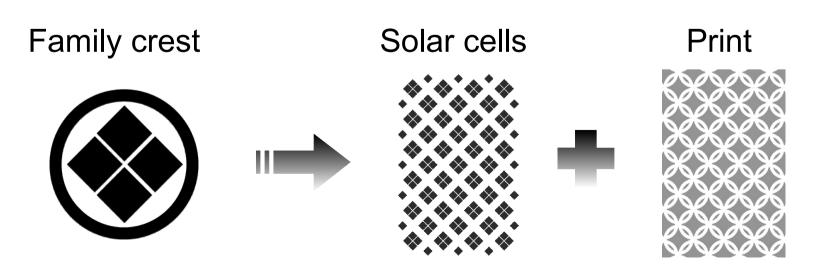


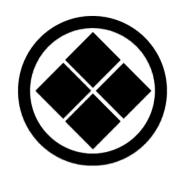
Layering of photovoltaic laminate



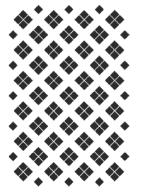
- outer transparent layer of glass or foil
- solar cell layer between films
- inner transparent layer of glass or foil
- semi-transparent print on either side of the inner layer

Fig. 13 © Robert Baum

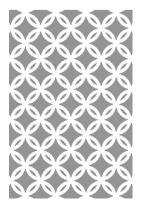


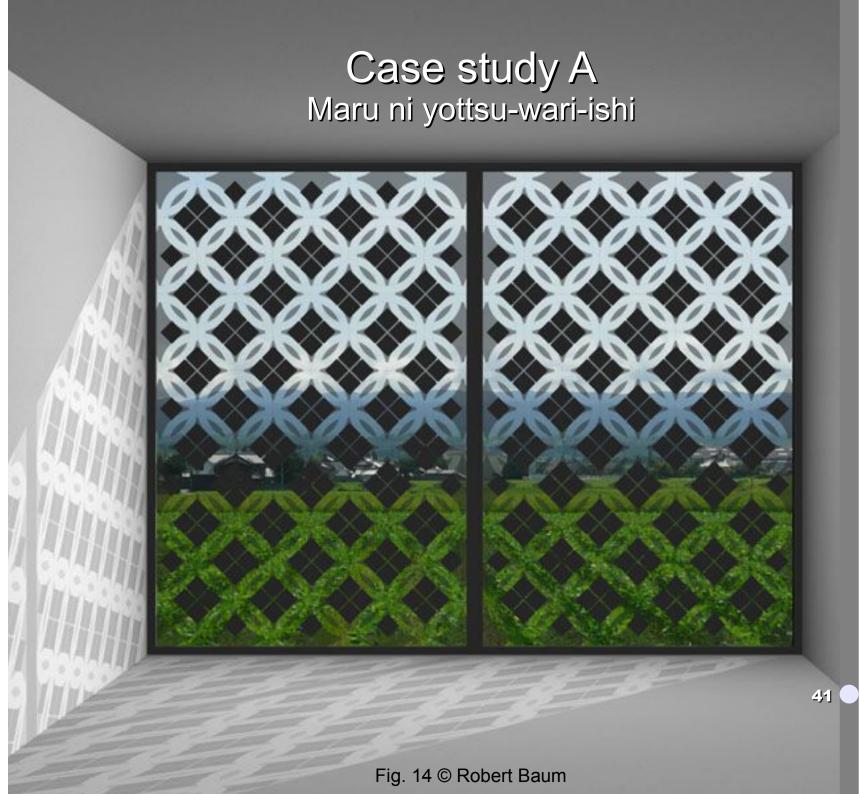


Solar cells

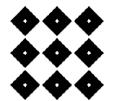


Print









Solar cells

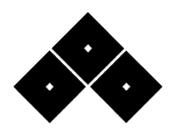


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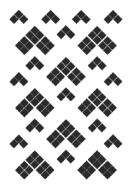


Case study B Nanatsu-wari sumi-tate yottsu-me + Tsunagi kokonotsu-me

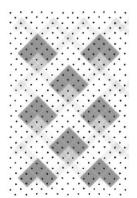




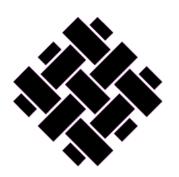
Solar cells



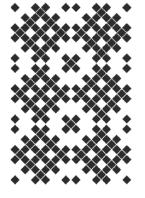
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Solar cells



Print



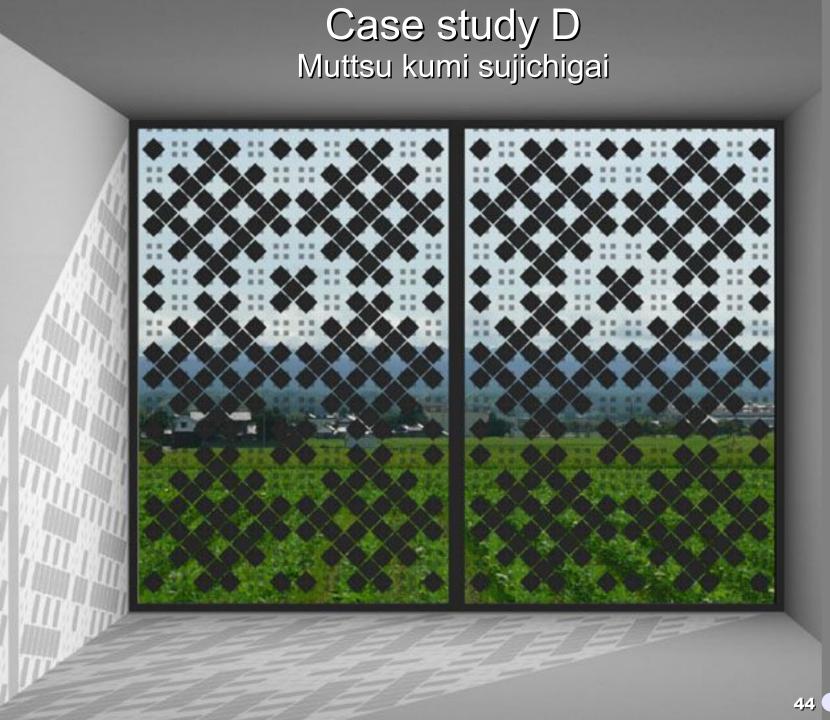


Fig. 17 © Robert Baum

"Japanese architecture
is a treasure trove of boundary techniques. [...]

Diverse screens
(such as louvers and [curtains])

and intermediate domains
(such as verandas, corridors and eaves)
are gaining attention once more as devices
for connecting the environment to buildings."

(Kuma, 2010, p.15)

"This is not a dream, because technology plus poetry equals architecture [...].

All architects [...] have to do is make it happen."

(Wigginton, 1996, p.238)

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Thank you for your attention

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